

STEREO MOC Status Report
Time Period: 2014:349 - 2014:355

STEREO Ahead (STA) Status:

1. The following Ground System anomalies/events occurred during this reporting period:
 - On day 349, during the DSS-43 support, turbo decoder lock was lost briefly at 0328z. This anomaly resulted in the loss of five frames of real-time data.
2. The following spacecraft/instrument events occurred during this week. Note that the Ahead observatory is operating on the first side lobe of the HGA to prevent overheating of the HGA feed assembly which is currently at 118 degrees C with the HGA angle at 7.2 degrees, with respect to the spacecraft-Sun line.
 - On day 351, PLASTIC powered off the entrance system at 1900z for fault isolation of an increasing power supply current indication.
 - The average daily science data return for Ahead, while operating on the first side lobe on the HGA, was 81 Mbits during this week.

STEREO Behind (STB) Status:

1. The following Ground System anomalies/events occurred during this reporting period:
 - On day 352, during the DSS-43 support, the command uplink was stopped at 2250z and was unavailable for the remainder of the support due to azimuth antenna brakes being set as a result of an equipment anomaly at the station. This anomaly resulted in the loss of 85 minutes of commanding. See DR #C110800 for more information.
2. Detailed status of the activities that occurred on the Behind loss of communication anomaly, which occurred on day 2014-274, are listed below. To ensure communications on the LGA during long term recovery efforts, the Behind track coverage have been reduced to 3 hour 70 meter supports for 3 days in a row each week.

- On day 351, during the DSS-43 support, the DSN begin aberration corrections to optimize the uplink margin during the uplink sweep and blind commanding for the first hour of each support.
- On days 351 through 353, during the DSN 70 meter supports, recovery commanding was conducted to ensure that the transmitter is in its operational configuration. No signal was received by the DSN radio science receivers.

Significant findings to date:

1. Analysis of the three DSN extracted telemetry frames from the carrier signal just before the planned observatory reset/anomaly occurred on day 274, October 1st, showed nominal performance of the spacecraft, i.e., no anomalies, IMU off, and the star tracker providing an attitude solution.
2. Post reset, from the very limited telemetry, three packets, extracted from the carrier signal by the DSN, the X-axis gyro on IMU-A had failed. Unfortunately, this telemetry contained only G&C anomaly data and no spacecraft summary data, i.e., the state of the RF, G&C, fault protection and other subsystems is not known at the time of the anomaly. With a failed IMU and the star tracker being off-line for an undetermined duration, the sun sensors will keep the observatory pointed at the Sun, though the G&C will not have any roll knowledge, and cannot roll the observatory as part of the safing configuration to re-establish communications on the LGAs. From analysis of this telemetry and initial G&C simulations, it is highly suspected that the observatory is rotating about the principal axis of inertia due to an autonomous momentum dump initiated by bad gyro data flagged good, but this has not yet been confirmed.
3. At least two anomalies occurred post reset, the star tracker not promoting to AAD mode and the X-axis gyro failure. Unfortunately, due to the number of possible combinations, the STEREO fault protection system is not designed for simultaneous failures.

The cause and effect analysis of the loss of communications from the LGAs is continuing. G&C simulations using the bad gyro data flagged good are continuing to better understand the potential

impact to the observatory state. Recovery from a negative power state is also being investigated. While the recovery and analysis efforts continue on Behind, as the Ahead observatory will enter superior solar conjunction in March, the primary focus of the engineering team is on developing operational configuration changes to add robustness to the G&C rate sensor usage to ensure the Ahead observatory's continued safety.

Once communications are restored and the anomaly resolved, the operational plan for exiting the solar conjunction testing will continue to return the Behind observatory back to nominal science data collection as soon as safely possible.